Lazarus Targets Chemical Sector



Symantec, a division of Broadcom Software, has observed the North Korea-linked advanced persistent threat (APT) group known as Lazarus conducting an espionage campaign targeting organizations operating within the chemical sector. The campaign appears to be a continuation of Lazarus activity dubbed Operation Dream Job, which was first observed in August 2020. Symantec tracks this sub-set of Lazarus activity under the name Pompilus.

Operation Dream Job

Operation Dream Job involves Lazarus using fake job offers as a means of luring victims into clicking on malicious links or opening malicious attachments that eventually lead to the installation of malware used for espionage.

Past Dream Job campaigns have targeted individuals in the defense, government, and engineering sectors in activity observed in August 2020 and July 2021.

Recently targeted sectors

In January 2022, Symantec detected attack activity on the networks of a number of organizations based in South Korea. The organizations were mainly in the chemical sector, with some being in the information technology (IT) sector. However, it is likely the IT targets were used as a means to gain access to chemical sector organizations.

There is sufficient evidence to suggest that this recent activity is a continuation of Operation Dream Job. That evidence includes file hashes, file names, and tools that were observed in previous Dream Job campaigns.

A typical attack begins when a malicious HTM file is received, likely as a malicious link in an email or downloaded from the web. The HTM file is copied to a DLL file called scskapplink.dll and injected into the legitimate system management software INISAFE Web EX Client.

The scskapplink.dll file is typically a signed Trojanized tool with malicious exports added. The attackers have been observed using the following signatures: DOCTER USA, INC and "A" MEDICAL OFFICE, PLLC

Next, scskapplink.dll downloads and executes an additional payload from a command-and-control (C&C) server with the URL parameter key/values "prd fld=racket".

This step kicks off a chain of shellcode loaders that download and execute arbitrary commands from the attackers, as well as additional malware, which are usually executed from malicious exports added to Trojanized tools such as the Tukaani project LZMA Utils library (XZ Utils).

The attackers move laterally on the network using Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) and inject into MagicLine by DreamSecurity on other machines.

In some instances, the attackers were spotted dumping credentials from the registry, installing a BAT file in a likely effort to gain persistence, and using a scheduled task configured to run as a specific user.

The attackers were also observed deploying post-compromise tools, including a tool used to take screenshots of web pages viewed on the compromised machine at set intervals (SiteShoter). They were also seen using an IP logging tool (IP Logger), a protocol used to turn computers on remotely (WakeOnLAN), a file and directory copier (FastCopy), and the File Transfer Protocol (FTP) executed under the MagicLine process.

Case study

The following is a case study detailing step-by-step attacker activity on an organization in the chemical sector.

January 17, 2022

00:51 – A malicious HTM file is received:

 e31af5131a095fbc884c56068e19b0c98636d95f93c257a0c829ec3f3cc8e4ba csidl_profile\appdata\local\microsoft\windows\inetcache\ie\3tygrjkm\join_06[1].htm

The HTM file is copied to a DLL file:

• rundll32.exe CSIDL PROFILE\public\scskapplink.dll,netsetcookie Cnusrmgr

This DLL file is injected into the legitimate system management software INISAFE Web EX Client. The file is a signed Trojanized version of the ComparePlus plugin for Notepad++ with malicious exports added.

01:02 – The file is run and downloads and executes a backdoor payload (final.cpl - 5f20cc6a6a82b940670a0f89eda5d68f091073091394c362bfcaf52145b058db) from a command-and-control (C&C) server with the URL parameter key/values "prd_fld=racket".

The file final.cpl is a Trojanized version of the Tukaani project LZMA Utils library (XZ Utils) with a malicious export added (AppMgmt).

The malware connects to, downloads, decodes, and executes shellcode from the following remote location:

hxxp[:]//happy[.]nanoace.co.kr/Content/rating/themes/krajee-fas/FrmAMEISMngWeb.asp

01:04 – Another CPL file (61e305d6325b1ffb6de329f1eb5b3a6bcafa26c856861a8200d717df0dec48c4) is executed. This file, again, is a Trojanized version of LZMA Utils with a malicious added export.

01:13 – The shellcode loader (final.cpl) is executed again several times.

01:38 – Commands are executed to dump credentials from the SAM and SYSTEM registry hives.

Over the next several hours, the attackers run unknown shellcode via final.cpl at various intervals, likely to collect the dumped system hives, among other things.

06:41 – The attackers create a scheduled task to ensure persistence between system reboots:

 schtasks /create /RU [REDACTED].help\175287 /ST 15:42 /TR "cmd.exe /c C:\ProgramData\Intel\Intel.bat" /tn arm /sc MINUTE

The scheduled task instructs the system to execute 'Intel.bat' as user '[REDACTED].help/175287' starting at 15:42 then every minute under the scheduled task name 'arm'. It's unclear if this was an account that was cracked via the dumped registry hives or an account the attackers were able to create with admin rights.

The attackers were also observed installing Cryptodome (PyCrypto fork) Python encryption modules via CPL files.

A clean installation of BitDefender was also installed by the attackers. While unconfirmed, the threat actors may have installed an older version of this software (from 2020) with a vulnerability that allowed attackers to run arbitrary commands remotely.

January 18

00:21 – The final.cpl file is executed again.

00:49 – A new CPL file called wpm.cpl (942489ce7dce87f7888322a0e56b5e3c3b0130e11f57b3879fbefc48351a78f6) is executed.

CSIDL_COMMON_APPDATA\finaldata\wpm.cpl Thumbs.ini 4 30

This file contains, and connects to, a list of IP addresses and records whether the connections were successful.

01:11 – Again, the final.cpl shellcode loader is executed multiple times, executing some unknown shellcode. This activity continued intermittently until 23:49.

23:49 – The file name of the CPL file changes to 'ntuser.dat'. The file location and command-line arguments remain the same.

January 19

00:24 – The CPL shellcode loader files (final.cpl and ntuser.dat) are executed multiple times.

00:28 – The attackers create a scheduled task on another machine, likely to ensure persistence:

 schtasks /create /RU [REDACTED]\i21076 /ST 09:28 /TR "cmd.exe /c C:\ProgramData\Adobe\arm.bat" /tn arm /sc MINUTE

The command is used to schedule a task named 'arm' to run the file 'arm.bat' starting at at 09:28 then every minute after that under the user account '[REDACTED]\i21076'.

00:29 - A file named arm.dat

(48f3ead8477f3ef16da6b74dadc89661a231c82b96f3574c6b7ceb9c03468291) is executed with the following command line arguments:

• CSIDL_SYSTEM\rundll32.exe CSIDL_COMMON_APPDATA\adobe\arm.dat,packageautoupdater LimitedSpatialExtent_U_f48182 -d 1440 -i 10 -q 8 -s 5

The arm.dat file is a tool used to take screenshots of web pages viewed on the compromised machine every 10 seconds (SiteShoter), as determined by the command line arguments. The screenshots are saved in appdata\local with the date at the top of the file.

06:50 – The shellcode loader (final.cpl) is executed several times.

07:34 - A new CPL file named addins.cpl

(5f20cc6a6a82b940670a0f89eda5d68f091073091394c362bfcaf52145b058db) is executed multiple times, which again is another shellcode loader and has the same command line arguments as seen with final.cpl:

 CSIDL_SYSTEM\rundli32.exe CSIDL_COMMON_APPDATA\addins.cpl, AppMgmt EO6-CRY-LS2-TRK3

07:39 – A scheduled task is created:

sc create uso start= auto binPath= "cmd.exe /c start /b C:\Programdata\addins.bat" DisplayName= uso

The task is used to auto-start and execute addins.bat each time the system is booted. The task uses the service name 'uso' (a file name previously used in older Dream Job campaigns targeting security researchers).

The attacker runs addins.cpl again to run a command to start the service and then delete the service directly after:

- CSIDL_SYSTEM\rundli32.exe CSIDL_COMMON_APPDATA\addins.cpl, AppMgmt EO6-CRY-LS2-TRK3
- sc start uso (via cmd.exe)
- · sc delete uso

The following commands were then executed to collect information pertaining to network configuration, current user the attackers are logged in as, active users on the machine, available shared drives, and the contents of the 'addins' directory.

- ipconfig /all
- whoami
- · query user
- · net use
- dir CSIDL WINDOWS\addins

07:41 – The file addins.cpl is executed again multiple times before a scheduled task is created to run addins.bat again, start the service, and immediately delete the service:

- sc create uso start= auto binPath= "cmd.exe /c start /b C:\Windows\addins\addins.bat"
 DisplayName= uso
- · sc start uso
- · sc delete uso

January 20

The attackers execute addins.cpl again with the same command line as before.

No further activity is observed.

The Lazarus group is likely targeting organizations in the chemical sector to obtain intellectual property to further North Korea's own pursuits in this area. The group's continuation of Operation Dream Job, as witnessed by Symantec and others, suggests that the operation is sufficiently successful. As such, organizations should ensure they have adequate security in place and remain vigilant for attacks such as this.

As always, users should be wary of clicking links or downloading files even if they come from seemingly trustworthy sources.

Protection/Mitigation

For the latest protection updates, please visit the Symantec Protection Bulletin.

Indicators of Compromise

SHA-256

164f6a8f7d2035ea47514ea84294348e32c90d817724b80ad9cd3af6f93d83f8

18686d04f22d3b593dd78078c9db0ac70f66c7138789ad38469ec13162b14cef

1cb8ea3e959dee988272904dbb134dad93539f2c07f08e1d6e10e75a019b9976 2dd29b36664b28803819054a59934f7a358a762068b18c744281e1589af00f1f 32bfdf1744077c9365a811d66a6ea152831a60a4f94e671a83228016fc87615f 35de8163c433e8d9bf6a0097a506e3abbb8308330d3c5d1dea6db71e1d225fc3 4277fcaada4939b76a3df4515b7f74837bf8c4b75d4ff00f8d464169eede01e3 4446efafb4b757f7fc20485198236bed787c67ceffc05f70cd798612424384ce 48f3ead8477f3ef16da6b74dadc89661a231c82b96f3574c6b7ceb9c03468291 4a2236596e92fa704d8550c56598855121430f96fe088712b043cba516f1c76c 54029bd4fcc24551564942561a60b906bee136264f24f43775b7a8e15095a9e0 56da872e8b0f145417defd4a37f357b2f73f244836ee30ac27af7591cda2d283 5e7edc8f1c652f53a6d2eabfbd9252781598de91dbe59b7a74706f69eb52b287 5f20cc6a6a82b940670a0f89eda5d68f091073091394c362bfcaf52145b058db 61e305d6325b1ffb6de329f1eb5b3a6bcafa26c856861a8200d717df0dec48c4 67f1db122ad8f01e5faa60e2facf16c0752f6ab24b922f218efce19b0afaf607 7491f298e27eb7ce7ebbf8821527667a88eecd5f3bc5b38cd5611f7ebefde21e 79b7964bde948b70a7c3869d34fe5d5205e6259d77d9ac7451727d68a751aa7d 7aa62af5a55022fd89b3f0c025ea508128a03aab5bc7f92787b30a3e9bc5c6e4 8769912b9769b4c11aabc523a699d029917851822d4bc1cb6cc65b0c27d2b135 8aace6989484b88abc7e3ec6f70b60d4554bf8ee0f1ccad15db84ad04c953c2d 942489ce7dce87f7888322a0e56b5e3c3b0130e11f57b3879fbefc48351a78f6 a881c9f40c1a5be3919cafb2ebe2bb5b19e29f0f7b28186ee1f4b554d692e776 bdb76c8d0afcd6b57c8f1fa644765b95375af2c3a844c286db7f60cf9ca1a22a d815fb8febaf113f3cec82f552dfec1f205071a0492f7e6a2657fa6b069648c6 e1997d1c3d84c29e02b1b7b726a0d0f889a044d7cd339f4fb88194c2c0c6606d e31af5131a095fbc884c56068e19b0c98636d95f93c257a0c829ec3f3cc8e4ba ef987baef9a1619454b14e1fec64283808d4e0ce16fb87d06049bfcf9cf56af3 f29d386bdf77142cf2436797fba1f8b05fab5597218c2b77f57e46b8400eb9de

f7359490d6c141ef7a9ee2c03dbbd6ce3069e926d83439e1f8a3dfb3a7c3dc94
f8995634b102179a5d3356c6f353cb3a42283d9822e157502486262a3af4447e
ff167e09b3b7ad6ed1dead9ee5b4747dd308699a00905e86162d1ec1b61e0476
Network
52.79.118.195
61.81.50.174
[URL]/[FOLDER]/[FILENAME]asp?prd_fld=racket
happy.nanoace[.]co.kr
hxxp://happy.nanoace[.]co.kr/Content/rating/themes/krajee-fas/FrmAMEISMngWeb.asp
hxxps://mariamchurch[.]com/board/news/index.asp
hxxps://www.aumentarelevisite[.]com/img/context/offline.php
mariamchurch.com
www.aumentarelevisite[.]com
www.juneprint[.]com
www.jungfrau[.]co.kr
www.ric-camid[.]re.kr
File names
addins.cpl
dolby.cpl
ezhelp.cpl
final.cpl
officecert.ocx
wpm.cpl
Services
arm
uso