

Why Ctrl+Alt shouldn't be used as a shortcut modifier

 devblogs.microsoft.com/oldnewthing/20040329-00

March 29, 2004



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You may have noticed that Windows doesn't use Ctrl+Alt as a keyboard shortcut anywhere. (Or at least it shouldn't.) If a chorded modifier is needed, it's usually Ctrl+Shift. That's because Ctrl+Alt has special meaning on many keyboards. The combination Ctrl+Alt is also known as AltGr, and it acts as an alternate shift key. For example, consider the [German keyboard layout](#). Notice that there are three keyboard shift states (Normal, Shift, and AltGr), whereas on U.S. keyboards there are only two (Normal and Shift). For example, to type the @ character on a German keyboard, you would type AltGr+Q = Ctrl+Alt+Q. (Some languages, like Swedish, have a fourth state: Shift+AltGr. And then of course, there's the Japanese keyboard...) Most international keyboards remap the right-hand Alt key to act as AltGr, so instead of the finger-contorting Ctrl+Alt+Q, you can usually type RAlt+Q. (For reference, [here are diagrams of several other keyboard layouts](#), courtesy of [my bubble-blowing friend, Nadine Kano](#).) Sometimes a program accidentally uses Ctrl+Alt as a shortcut modifier and they get bug reports like, "Every time I type the letter 'd', the program thinks I want to start a mailmerge."

[Raymond is currently on vacation; this message was pre-recorded.]

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