How do I force the ECHO command to echo?

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The **ECHO** built-in command, how much simpler could it get? It takes whatever you put on the command line and prints it. And yet it's not that simple.

For example, the **ECHO** must be careful not to compress whitespace, because people will write

ECHO Some text ECHO Indented text ECHO ---- underlined

and when you execute this, the result had better be

Some text Indented text ---- underlined

and not

Some text Indented text ---- underlined

But what if you want to echo a blank line or the word "ON" or "OFF" or a slash and a question mark?

```
C:\> ECHO ON
C:\> ECHO
ECHO is on.
C:\> ECHO /?
Displays messages, or turns command-echoing on or off.
...
```

To force the **ECHO** command not to interpret its arguments, put a dot immediately after the word "echo":

C:\> ECHO. ON ON C:\> ECHO. C:\> ECHO./? /?

This is what happens when a language develops not by design but by evolution. It becomes filled with all sorts of strange quirks in order to accommodate new behavior while remaining compatible with old behavior. Nobody actually likes the batch language; they just are used to it.

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