

LockBit 3.0 Update | Unpicking the Ransomware's Latest Anti-Analysis and Evasion Techniques

 sentinelone.com/labs/lockbit-3-0-update-unpicking-the-ransomwares-latest-anti-analysis-and-evasion-techniques/

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LockBit 3.0 ransomware (*aka* LockBit Black) is an evolution of the prolific LockBit ransomware-as-a-service (RaaS) family, which has roots that extend back to [BlackMatter](#) and related entities. After [critical bugs](#) were discovered in LockBit 2.0 in March 2022, the authors began work on updating their encryption routines and adding several new features designed to thwart researchers. In June 2022, LockBit 3 caught the interest of the media as the ransomware operators announced they were offering a ‘bug bounty’ to researchers. In this post, we provide an overview of the LockBit 3.0 ransomware update and offer a technical dive for researchers into LockBit 3.0’s anti-analysis and evasion features.

LockBit 3.0 Changes and New Features Since LockBit 2.0

Around June of 2022, operators and affiliates behind LockBit ransomware began the shift to LockBit 3.0. Adoption of LockBit 3.0 by affiliates has been rapid, and numerous victims have been identified on the new “Version 3.0” leak sites, a collection of public blogs naming non-compliant victims and leaking extracted data.

<p>iis.ac.uk</p> <p>8D 05h 04m 19s \$ 100000</p> <p>The Institute of Ismaili Studies (IIS) was established in 1977 as an academic institution of higher education dedicated to the study of Islam, with a particular focus on its Ismaili and broader Shi'i</p> <p>Updated: 12 Jul, 2022, 15:42 UTC 385</p>	<p>lapostemobile.fr</p> <p>2D 21h 24m 14s</p> <p>La Poste Mobile is a quadruple play Telecom operator (mobile, landline, Internet and TV via the SFR box) with more than 1.5 million customers. (part 2 - databases)</p> <p>Updated: 11 Jul, 2022, 15:00 UTC 786</p>	<p>lapostemobile.fr</p> <p>PUBLISHED</p> <p>La Poste Mobile is a quadruple play Telecom operator (mobile, landline, Internet and TV via the SFR box) with more than 1.5 million customers. (part 1)</p> <p>Updated: 11 Jul, 2022, 14:03 UTC 1351</p>
<p>emprint.com</p> <p>PUBLISHED</p> <p>[4.7 TB Files] Emprint provides document and printing solutions tailored to address each client's unique needs</p> <p>Updated: 12 Jul, 2022, 23:15 UTC 1240</p>	<p>acac.com</p> <p>PUBLISHED</p> <p>[part 1] acac (Atlantic Coast Athletic Clubs) is one of the Top 100 Fitness and Wellness Clubs in America.</p> <p>Updated: 13 Jul, 2022, 15:15 UTC 1480</p>	<p>carnbrea.com.au</p> <p>13D 07h 40m 53s \$ 1000000</p> <p>Carnbrea & Co . Australian Wealth and Investment Advisory group Carnbrea is a privately-owned boutique Wealth and Investment Advisory group with a proud 50-year history of providing financial</p> <p>Updated: 07 Jul, 2022, 01:17 UTC 2586</p>

LockBit 3 ransomware leaks site

In order to improve resilience, the operators have been aggressive with regards to standing up multiple mirrors for their leaked data and publicizing the site URLs.

LockBit has also added an instant search tool to their leaks site.

Instant search ×

Company name:

File Name ↓	File Size ↓	Date ↓
acac.com	-	July 13, 2022
autoelectric.com	-	July 8, 2022
bangkokair.com	-	July 8, 2022
bayview.com	-	July 8, 2022
beckerlaw.com	-	June 24, 2022
besttaxfiler.com	-	July 8, 2022
btc-alpha.com	-	July 8, 2022
burgsimpson.com	-	July 8, 2022

Updated LockBit leak site with new Search feature

The authors of LockBit 3.0 have introduced new management features for affiliates and added Zcash for victim payments in addition to Monero and Bitcoin.

The ransomware authors also claim to have opened a public “bug bounty” program. Ostensibly, this appears to be an effort to improve the quality of the malware, and financially reward those that assist.

Lockbit ransomware group announced today Lockbit 3.0 is officially released with the message: "Make Ransomware Great Again!"

Additionally, Lockbit has launched their own Bug Bounty program paying for PII on high-profile individuals, web security exploits, and more...

pic.twitter.com/ByNFdWe4Ys

— vx-underground (@vxunderground) [June 26, 2022](#)

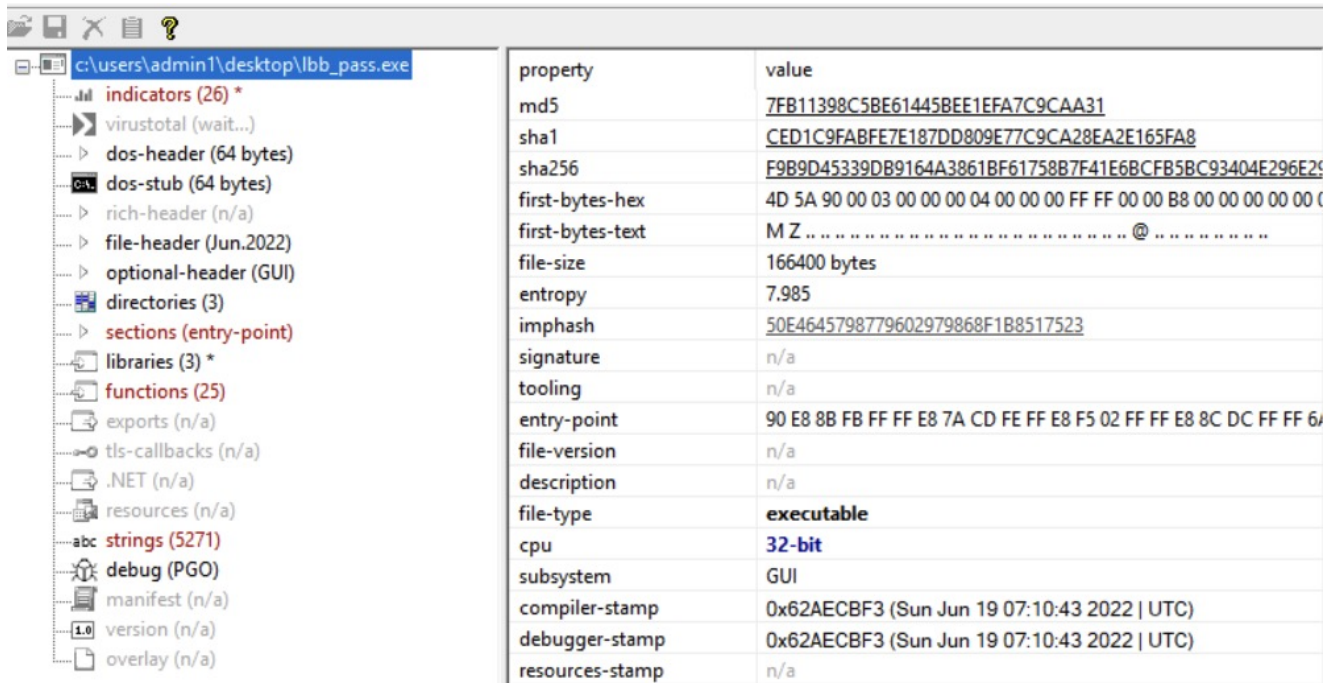
On top of that, there is a purported \$1 million reward on offer to anyone who can uncover the identity of the program affiliate manager. Understandably, given the criminal nature of the operators, would-be researchers may find that reporting bugs to a crimeware outfit may not lead to the promised payout but could lead to criminal charges from law enforcement.

LockBit 3.0 Payloads and Encryption

The updated LockBit payloads retain all the prior functionality of LockBit 2.0.

Initial delivery of the LockBit ransomware payloads is typically handled via 3rd party frameworks such as Cobalt Strike. As with LockBit 2.0, we have seen infections occur down the chain from other malware components as well, such as a [SocGholish](#) infection dropping Cobalt Strike, which in turn delivers the LockBit 3 ransomware.

The payloads themselves are standard Windows PE files with strong similarities to prior generations of LockBit as well as BlackMatter ransomware families.



PEStudio view of LockBit 3.0 Payload

LockBit ransomware payloads are designed to execute with administrative privileges. In the event that the malware does not have the necessary privileges, a UAC bypass will be attempted (CMSTP).

LockBit 3.0 achieves persistence via installation of System Services. Each execution of the payload will install multiple services. We have observed the following service names in conjunction with LockBit 3.0 ransomware payloads.

- SecurityHealthService
- Sense
- sppsvc
- WdBoot
- WdFilter
- WdNisDrv
- WdNisSvc
- WinDefend
- wscsvc
- vmicvss
- vmvss
- VSS
- EventLog

As with previous versions, LockBit 3.0 will attempt to identify and terminate specific services if found. The following service names are targeted for termination in analyzed LockBit 3.0 samples:

backup
GxB1r
GxCIMgr
GxCVD
GxFWD
GxVss
mentas
mepocs
msexchange
sophos
sql
svc\$
veeam
vss

In addition, the following processes are targeted for termination:

agntsvc
dbeng50
dbsnmp
encsvc
excel
firefox
infopath
isqlplussvc
msaccess
mspub
mydesktopqos
mydesktopservice
notepad
ocautoupds
ocomm
ocssd
onenote
oracle
outlook
powerpnt
registry
sqbcoreservice
steam
synctime
tbirdconfig
thebat
thunderbird
visio
winword
wordpad
xfssvcon

LockBit 3.0 writes a copy of itself to the `%programdata%` directory, and subsequently launches from this process.

The encryption phase is extremely rapid, even when spreading to adjacent hosts. The ransomware payloads were able to fully encrypt our test host in well under a minute.

On execution, the LockBit 3.0 ransomware will drop newly-formatted ransom notes along with a change to the desktop background. Interestingly, notepad and wordpad are included in the list of prescribed processes as noted above. Therefore, if a victim attempts to open the ransom note immediately after it is dropped, it will promptly close since the process is blocked until the ransomware completes its execution.

The new LockBit 3.0 ransomware desktop wallpaper is a simple text message on a black background.



LockBit 3.0 Desktop Wallpaper

The extension appended to newly encrypted files will also differ per campaign or sample. For example, we have seen “HLJkNskOq” and “futRjC7nx”. Both encrypted files and the ransom notes will be prepended with the campaign-specific string.

futRjC7nx.README
HLJkNskOq.README

During our analysis, we observed infected machines shutting down ungracefully approximately 10 minutes after the ransomware payload was launched. This behavior may vary per sample, but it is worth noting.

Post-infection, LockBit 3.0 victims are instructed to make contact with their attacker via their TOR-based “support” portal.

```
LockBit 3.0 the world's fastest and most stable ransomware from 2019

>>>> Your data is stolen and encrypted.
If you don't pay the ransom, the data will be published on our TOR darknet sites. Keep in mind that once your data appears on our leak site,
it could be bought by your competitors at any second, so don't hesitate for a long time. The sooner you pay the ransom, the sooner your
company will be safe.

Tor Browser Links:
http://lockbitapt2d73kr1bewgv27tquljgxr33xbwvsp6rkyieto7u4ncead.onion
http://lockbitapt2yfbt7lchxejug47kmaqvxvvpqkmev4l3azl3gy6pyd.onion
http://lockbitapt34kvr1p6xojylohxrwsvpzdffgs5z4pbbsywnzsbduqd.onion
http://lockbitapt5x4zkjbcqmz6frdhccqggadevyiwqxukkspn1idyvd7qd.onion
http://lockbitapt6vx57t3eeqjofwgcglmutr3a35nygvokja5uuccip4ykyd.onion
http://lockbitapt72iw55njqnqpymggskg5yp75ry7rirtdg4m7i42artsbqd.onion
http://lockbitaptawj16udhpd323uehekiyatj6ftcxmkwe5sezs4fqqppid.onion
http://lockbitaptbdiajqtplcrigzgdjprwugkkut63nbvy2d5r4w2agyekqd.onion
http://lockbitaptc2iq4atewz2ise62q63wfktyr14qtuwk5qax262kgtzjqd.onion

Links for normal browser:
http://lockbitapt2d73kr1bewgv27tquljgxr33xbwvsp6rkyieto7u4ncead.onion.ly
http://lockbitapt2yfbt7lchxejug47kmaqvxvvpqkmev4l3azl3gy6pyd.onion.ly
http://lockbitapt34kvr1p6xojylohxrwsvpzdffgs5z4pbbsywnzsbduqd.onion.ly
http://lockbitapt5x4zkjbcqmz6frdhccqggadevyiwqxukkspn1idyvd7qd.onion.ly
http://lockbitapt6vx57t3eeqjofwgcglmutr3a35nygvokja5uuccip4ykyd.onion.ly
http://lockbitapt72iw55njqnqpymggskg5yp75ry7rirtdg4m7i42artsbqd.onion.ly
http://lockbitaptawj16udhpd323uehekiyatj6ftcxmkwe5sezs4fqqppid.onion.ly
http://lockbitaptbdiajqtplcrigzgdjprwugkkut63nbvy2d5r4w2agyekqd.onion.ly
http://lockbitaptc2iq4atewz2ise62q63wfktyr14qtuwk5qax262kgtzjqd.onion.ly

>>>> What guarantee is there that we won't cheat you?
We are the oldest ransomware affiliate program on the planet, nothing is more important than our reputation. We are not a politically
motivated group and we want nothing more than money. If you pay, we will provide you with decryption software and destroy the stolen data.
After you pay the ransom, you will quickly make even more money. Treat this situation simply as a paid training for your system
administrators, because it is due to your corporate network not being properly configured that we were able to attack you. Our pentest
services should be paid just like you pay the salaries of your system administrators. Get over it and pay for it. If we don't give you a
decryptor or delete your data after you pay, no one will pay us in the future. You can get more information about us on Ilon Musk's Twitter
https://twitter.com/hashtag/lockbit?f=live

>>>> You need to contact us and decrypt one file for free on TOR darknet sites with your personal ID
```

LockBit 3.0 Ransom Note Excerpt

LockBit 3 Anti-Analysis & Evasion

The LockBit 3.0 ransomware uses a variety of anti-analysis techniques to hinder static and dynamic analysis, and exhibits similarities to the BlackMatter ransomware in this regard. These techniques include code packing, obfuscation and dynamic resolution of function addresses, function trampolines, and anti-debugging techniques. In this section, we cover some of the anti-analysis techniques that LockBit 3.0 uses.

LockBit 3.0 payloads require a specific passphrase to execute. The passphrase is unique to each sample or campaign and serves to hinder dynamic and sandbox analysis if the passphrase has not been recovered along with the sample. A similar technique has been used by Egregor and BlackCat ransomware. The passphrase is provided upon execution via the `-pass` parameter. For example,

```
lockbit.exe -pass XX66023ab2zyxb9957fb01de50cdfb6
```

Encrypted content located in the LockBit 3.0 payload is decrypted at runtime using an XOR mask. The images below show the content of the ransomware's `.text` executable segment before (label 1) and after (label 2) the ransomware has decrypted the segment content. The `.text` segment starts at the virtual address **0x401000**.

```

[...]  

1b+0x1b095:  

0:000> u 00401000 L0x40  

1b+0x1000:  

00401000 b87af2c029      mov     eax,29C0F27Ah  

00401005 21a22ead2855    and     dword ptr [edx+5528AD2Eh],esp  

0040100b 6bc1ae          imul   eax,ecx,0FFFFFFAEh  

[...]  

00401015 7895           js     1b+0xfac (00400fac)  

00401017 c071eeb4      sal   byte ptr [ecx-12h],0B4h  

0040101b 83ddff       sbb   ebp,0FFFFFFFh  

[...]  


```

[1]

```

[...]  

1b+0x1b09a:  

0041b09a 83c628      add     esi,28h  

0:000> u 00401000 L0x40  

1b+0x1000:  

00401000 cc          int     3  

00401001 cc          int     3  

00401002 cc          int     3  

00401003 cc          int     3  

[...]  

00401010 cadf06     retf   6DFh  

00401013 44         inc   esp  

00401014 55         push  ebp  

00401015 8bec     mov   ebp,esp  

00401017 51         push  ecx  

00401018 53         push  ebx  

[...]  


```

The content of the ransomware's .text

[2]

executable segment

LockBit 3.0 also first stores in heap memory and then uses trampolines for executing functions, for example, the Windows system calls `NtSetInformationThread` and `ZwProtectVirtualMemory`. The ransomware obfuscates the function addresses that the trampolines execute using the XOR and/or bit rotation obfuscation technique.


```

0:000> u 023b05b8 L0x18
023b05b8 b82a91a132 mov     eax,32A1912Ah
023b05bd 35cadf0645 xor     eax,4506DFCAh
023b05c2 ffe0 jmp     eax
[...]
023b05d5 c1c802 ror     eax,2
023b05d8 35cadf0645 xor     eax,4506DFCAh
023b05dd ffe0 jmp     eax
[...]
023b05ed c1c801 ror     eax,1
023b05f0 35cadf0645 xor     eax,4506DFCAh
023b05f5 ffe0 jmp     eax
[...]
023b0605 35cadf0645 xor     eax,4506DFCAh
023b060a ffe0 jmp     eax
[...]

```

Some of the function trampolines

LockBit 3.0 implements

Several techniques are implemented for detecting the presence of a debugger and hindering dynamic analysis. For example, the ransomware evaluates whether heap memory parameters that indicate the presence of a debugger are set. Such flags are `HEAP_TAIL_CHECKING_ENABLED (0x20)` and `HEAP_VALIDATE_PARAMETERS_ENABLED (0x40000000)`.

LockBit 3.0 examines the `ForceFlags` value in its PEB (Process Environment Block) to evaluate whether `HEAP_VALIDATE_PARAMETERS_ENABLED` is set.

```
v1 = *(_DWORD *) (getPEB() + 0x18);
```

```

if ( *(_DWORD *) (v1 + 0x44) & 0x40000000 )
    v1 = __ROR4__(v1, 1);
return dword_427414(v1, 8, a1);

```

LockBit 3.0 evaluates whether

`HEAP_VALIDATE_PARAMETERS_ENABLED` is set

The ransomware also evaluates whether the `0xABABABAB` byte signature is present at the end of heap memory blocks that it has previously allocated. The presence of this byte signature means that `HEAP_TAIL_CHECKING_ENABLED` is set.

```

[...]
v8 = RtlAllocateHeapPtr(heapHandle, 0, 0x10);
if ( *(_DWORD *) (v8 + 0x10) != 0xABABABAB )
{
    *v6 = v8;
    ++v6;
}
[...]

```

LockBit 3.0 evaluates whether

`HEAP_TAIL_CHECKING_ENABLED` is set

The LockBit 3.0 ransomware executes the `NtSetInformationThread` function through a trampoline, such that the `ThreadHandle` and `ThreadInformationClass` function parameters have the values of `0xFFFFFFFF` and `0x11` (`ThreadHideFromDebugger`). This stops the flow of events from the current ransomware's thread to an attached debugger, which effectively hides the thread from the debugger and hinders dynamic analysis.

```
[...]
005a36a8 b8ed57194d      mov     eax,4D1957EDh
005a36ad c1c009            rol     eax,9
005a36b0 35cadf0645       xor     eax,4506DFCAh
005a36b5 ffe0              jmp     eax {ntdll!NtSetInformationThread (77a90550)}
[...]
0:000> dps @esp L5
0019ff48 0040d2db 1b+0xd2db
0019ff4c ffffffff
0019ff50 00000011
0019ff54 00000000
0019ff58 00000000
[...]
```

LockBit 3.0 executes `NtSetInformationThread`

In addition, LockBit scrambles the implementation of the `DbgUiRemoteBreakin` function to disable debuggers trying to attach to the ransomware process. When it executes, LockBit 3.0 ransomware:

- Resolves the address of `DbgUiRemoteBreakin`.
- Executes the `ZwProtectVirtualMemory` function through a trampoline to apply the `PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE` (0x40) protection to the first 32 bytes of the memory region where the implementation of `DbgUiRemoteBreakin` resides. This makes the bytes writable.
- Executes the `SystemFunction040` (`RtlEncryptMemory`) function through a trampoline to encrypt the bytes that the ransomware has previously made writable. This scrambles the implementation of the `DbgUiRemoteBreakin` function and disables debuggers to attach to the ransomware process.

```

[...]
0040d300 e8a3a6ffff      call    1b+0x79a8 (004079a8)
0:000> p
[...]
1b+0xd305:
0040d305 8945fc          mov     dword ptr [ebp-4],eax ss:002b:0019ff5c=00000000
0:000> ln @eax
[...]
(77acb370) ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin | (77acb3d0) ntdll!DbgUiSetThreadDebugObject
Exact matches:
  ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin (<no parameter info>)
[...]
00583df0 b8d4ac5f65      mov     eax,655FACD4h
00583df5 c1c801          ror     eax,1
00583df8 35cadf0645      xor     eax,4506DFCAh
00583dfd ffe0            jmp     eax {ntdll!ZwProtectVirtualMemory (77a909a0)}
[...]
022f4798 b82015843a      mov     eax,3A841520h
022f479d c1c001          rol     eax,1
022f47a0 ffe0            jmp     eax {CRYPTBASE!SystemFunction040 (75082a40)}
[...]

```

LockBit 3.0 modifies the implementation of the *DbgUiRemoteBreakin* function

The images below depict the implementation of the `DbgUiRemoteBreakin` function before (label 1) and after (label 2) the LockBit 3.0 ransomware has modified the implementation of the function.

```
0:000> u ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin L0x20
```

```
ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin:
```

```
77cfb370 6a08          push      8
77cfb372 683895d577    push     offset ntdll!PssNtWalkSnapshot+0x5638 (77d59538)
77cfb377 e8d88ffdfdf  call    ntdll!wcstok_s+0x6084 (77cd4354)
77cfb37c 64a130000000  mov     eax,dword ptr fs:[00000030h]
77cfb382 80780200      cmp     byte ptr [eax+2],0
77cfb386 7509          jne     ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin+0x21 (77cfb391)
77cfb388 f605d402fe7f02 test    byte ptr [SharedUserData+0x2d4 (7ffe02d4)],2
77cfb38f 7428          je     ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin+0x49 (77cfb3b9)
77cfb391 64a118000000  mov     eax,dword ptr fs:[00000018h]
77cfb397 f680ca0f000020 test    byte ptr [eax+0FCAh],20h
77cfb39e 7519          jne     ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin+0x49 (77cfb3b9)
77cfb3a0 8365fc00      and     dword ptr [ebp-4],0
77cfb3a4 e8d773fcff    call   ntdll!DbgBreakPoint (77cc2780)
77cfb3a9 eb07          jmp     ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin+0x42 (77cfb3b2)
77cfb3ab 33c0          xor     eax,eax
77cfb3ad 40           inc     eax
77cfb3ae c3           ret
77cfb3af 8b65e8        mov     esp,dword ptr [ebp-18h]
77cfb3b2 c745fcfeffff  mov     dword ptr [ebp-4],0FFFFFFEh
77cfb3b9 6a00          push    0
77cfb3bb e870dffbfdf  call   ntdll!RtlExitUserThread (77cb9330)
77cfb3c0 cc           int     3
77cfb3c1 cc           int     3
[...]
```

[1]

```
0:000> uf ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin
```

```
Flow analysis was incomplete, some code may be missing
```

```
ntdll!DbgUiRemoteBreakin:
```

```
77cfb370 ab          stos    dword ptr es:[edi]
77cfb371 6ad9        push   0FFFFFFD9h
77cfb373 a8e7        test   al,0E7h
77cfb375 2dc52ff6ed  sub   eax,0EDF62FC5h
77cfb37a 0cdc        or    al,0DCh
77cfb37c fa          cli
```

The implementation of the

```
[...]
```

[2]

DbgUiRemoteBreakin function

Conclusion

LockBit has fast become one of the more prolific ransomware-as-a-service operators out there, taking over from [Conti](#) after the latter's fractious fallout in the wake of the [Russian invasion of Ukraine](#).

LockBit's developers have shown that they are quick to respond to problems in the product they are offering and that they have the technical know-how to keep evolving. The recent claim to be offering a 'bug bounty', whatever its true merits, displays a savvy understanding of their own audience and the media landscape that surrounds the present tide of crimeware and enterprise breaches.

Short of intervention by law enforcement, we expect to see LockBit around for the foreseeable future and further iterations of what is undoubtedly a very successful RaaS operation. As with all ransomware, prevention is better than cure, and defenders are encouraged to ensure that they have comprehensive ransomware protection in place. SentinelLabs will continue to offer updates and reports on LockBit activity as it develops.

Indicators of Compromise

SHA256

```
f9b9d45339db9164a3861bf61758b7f41e6bcfb5bc93404e296e2918e52ccc10  
a56b41a6023f828cccaaef470874571d169fdb8f683a75edd430fd31a2c3f6e  
d61af007f6c792b8fb6c677143b7d0e2533394e28c50737588e40da475c040ee
```

SHA1

```
ced1c9fabfe7e187dd809e77c9ca28ea2e165fa8  
371353e9564c58ae4722a03205ac84ab34383d8c  
c2a321b6078acfab582a195c3eaf3fe05e095ce0
```

.ONION domains

```
lockbitapt2d73krlbewgv27tquljgxr33xbwwsp6rkyieto7u4ncead[.]onion  
lockbitapt2yfbt7lchxejug47kmqvqqxvvpqkmevv4l3azl3gy6pyd[.]onion  
lockbitapt34kvrip6xojylohxrsvpzdffgs5z4pbbsywnzsbduqd[.]onion  
lockbitapt5x4zkjbcqmz6frdhecqqgadevyiwqxukksspnlidyvd7qd[.]onion  
lockbitapt6vx57t3eeqjofwgcglmutr3a35nygvokja5uuccip4kykd[.]onion  
lockbitapt72iw55njgnqpyimggskg5yp75ry7rirtdg4m7i42artsbqd[.]onion  
lockbitaptawjl6udhpd323uehekiyatj6ftcxmkwe5sezs4fqgpjpid[.]onion  
lockbitaptbdiajqtplcrigzgdjprwugkkut63nbvy2d5r4w2agyekqd[.]onion  
lockbitaptc2iq4atewz2ise62q63wfkyrl4qtwuk5qax262kgtzjqd[.]onion  
lockbit7z2jwcskxpbokpemdxmltipntwlkmidcll2qirbu7ykg46eyd[.]onion  
lockbitsupa7e3b4pkn4mgkgojrl5iqgx24clbzc4xm7i6jeetsia3qd[.]onion  
lockbitsupdwon76nzykzblcplixwts4n4zoecugz2bxabtapqvmzqqd[.]onion  
lockbitsupn2h6be2cnqpvncyhj4rgmnwn44633hnzzmtxdvjoqlp7yd[.]onion  
lockbitsupo7vv5vcl3jxpsdviopwvasljqcstym6efhh6oze7c6xjad[.]onion  
lockbitsupq3g62dni2f36snrdb4n5qzqvovbtk5xffw3draxk6gwqd[.]onion  
lockbitsupqfyacidr6upt6nhhyipujvaablubuevxj6xy3frthvr3yd[.]onion
```

lockbitsupt7nr3fa6e7xyb73lk6bw6rcneqhoyblniiabj4uwvzapqd[.]onion
lockbitsupuhsw4izvoucoxsbnotkmgq6durg7kficg6u33zfvq3oyd[.]onion
lockbitsupxcjntihbmat4rrh7ktowips2qzywh6zer5r3xafhviihq[.]onion

MITRE ATT&CK

T1547.001 – Boot or Logon Autostart Execution: Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder

T1543.003 – Create or Modify System Process: Windows Service

T1055 – Process Injection

T1070.001 – Indicator Removal on Host: Clear Windows Event Logs

T1622 – Debugger Evasion

T1548.002 – Abuse Elevation Control Mechanism: Bypass User Account Control

T1485 – Data Destruction

T1489 – Service Stop

T1490 – Inhibit System Recovery

T1003.001 – OS Credential Dumping: LSASS Memory

T1078.002 – Valid Accounts: Domain Accounts

T1078.001 – Valid Accounts: Default Accounts

T1406.002 – Obfuscated Files or Information: Software Packing

T1218.003 – System Binary Proxy Execution: CMSTP

T1047 – Windows Management Instrumentation

T1119 – Automated Collection