

# Automating Qakbot Detection at Scale With Velociraptor

[rapid7.com/blog/post/2023/04/18/automating-qakbot-detection-at-scale-with/](https://rapid7.com/blog/post/2023/04/18/automating-qakbot-detection-at-scale-with/)

Rapid7

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In this blog, you will learn a practical methodology to extract configuration data from recent Qakbot samples. I will provide some background on Qakbot, then walk through decode themes in an easy to visualize manner. Additionally, I'll share a [Velociraptor](#) artifact to detect and automate the decode process at scale.

QakBot or QBot, is a modular malware first observed in 2007 that has been historically known as a banking Trojan. Qakbot is used to steal credentials, financial, or other endpoint data, and in recent years, regularly a loader for other malware leading to hands-on-keyboard ransomware.

Malicious emails typically include a zipped attachment, LNK, Javascript, Documents, or an embedded executable. The example shown in this post was delivered by an email with an attached pdf file:



An example Qakbot infection chain

Qakbot has some notable defense evasion capabilities including:

1. Checking for Windows Defender sandbox and terminating on discovery.
2. Checking for the presence of running anti-virus or analysis tools, then modifying its later stage behavior for evasion.
3. Dynamic corruption of payload on startup and rewrite on system shutdown.

Due to the commodity nature of Qakbot delivery, capabilities, and end game, it is worth extracting configuration from observed samples to scope impact from a given campaign. Hunting enterprise-wide and finding a previously missed machine or discovering an ineffective control can prevent a domain-wide ransomware event or similar cyber attacks.

## Configuration

---

Qakbot has an RC4 encoded configuration, located inside two resources of the unpacked payload binary. The decryption process has not changed significantly in recent times, but for some minor key changes. It uses a SHA1 of a hard coded key that can typically be extracted as an encoded string in the .data section of the payload binary. This key often remains static across campaigns, which can speed up analysis if we maintain a recent key list.

Current samples undergo two rounds of RC4 decryption with validation built in. The validation bytes dropped from the data for the second round.

After the first round:

- The first 20 bytes in hex is for validation and is compared with the SHA1 of the remaining decoded data
- Bytes [20:40] is the key used for the second round of decoding.
- The Data to decode is byte [40:] onwards
- The same validation process occurs for the second round decoded data
- Verification = data[:20]
- DecodedData = data[20:]

type (1)	name	file-offset (2)	signature (1)	size (1103 bytes)
bitmap	COMPONENT_07	0x000200BC	bitmap	83
bitmap	COMPONENT_08	0x00020110	bitmap	1020



Key:  
bUdiuy81gYguty@4frdRdpfko(e  
KmuDeuMncueaN



RC4 passphrase:  
12bd42d0941c69ecc4e8075ccf  
3e9f202c1a9412



Start of second round RC4 encoded data

Verification hash      Second round RC4 key

```

08 88 36 a5 d7 df 24 c8 71 61 8a ad 8c a5 25 af e3 8c 04 21 8e d1 c5 a2 3d e4 56 fc 58 fe 05 47 57 ae 22 32 c8 84 88 55 2c 23 39 58 7a 94 0f 34
00 5c 50 85 f2 85 8f 39 24 8f 07 85 f0 c0 23 7c 71 65 48 45 56 65 ff 51 2a 77 f8 50 5f fc 06 d0 78 64 cf 04 d8 83 84 c0 fd 5c ae 88 48 f5 3f c0
e3 c3 e7 2f ad 98 3f a5 71 d5 8c 83 28 f5 20 88 4f 50 a3 c3 88 65 84 55 8f 8d 7a 33 29 fd 29 8a 2d 8c f2 8f 78 d3 89 8c 81 58 d8 4e 5c 42 58 22
f8 c7 8c ca 82 a4 f4 c9 4a d8 38 8f 82 f2 50 8c 21 19 73 8a 74 2a 35 31 40 85 17 c3 84 8d 17 93 3f 63 cf f7 48 80 3f e7 88 58 22 2f 92 91 8f 83
f8 ac 89 58 f2 f5 8f a1 8f 8c 25 8d 06 5a 84 f2 56 80 48 7d 5a 82 88 8f 32 8e c4 8f 8d 87 a2 18 88 8f 05 23 57 75 83 48 c8 8f 95 8d 57 87 8c 54
89 a8 2f 2f 7f 4a 75 1f 82 78 8d 8d 88 fc a1 88 91 84 81 c1 c1 f5 f1 35 a1 4a 8a 85 44 c4 c0 27 f2 88 54 13 f8 1d 58 cf 82 8a c7 09 45 99 79
da 8d 2f 4f 36 d4 f8 6f 5f 8d 3f 88 fc 81 4f 85 28 23 c8 c2 0f 9d 39 9d 2d 50 f8 9d 2f 3f 4a f4 1c 17 c1 88 73 05 74 84 8a 4d 38 8d 82 58 f2 4f
74 78 88 88 82 08 0f 34 85 10 a7 2d 85 88 8f 35 28 48 7f 88 4f 8c ca 8a 7a 4a 28 a3 48 48 88 91 99 47 8c 8c 8f 5f f8 8c 78 13 0f 40 88 88 2f f8
8a 49 53 a8 3f c7 cd 7a 11 45 72 01 9a 45 00 4f 58 70 2f 2f 10 50 28 c8 85 4a 5a 55 f8 a7 70 68 5f 28 88 8c d6 c7 6f a1 f8 13 c7 00 18 87 73 f0
1f 8f 8f 77 c7 a5 85 8d 0f 1f 4f c0 c8 88 00 51 d1 88 88 14 8f 8f 8d 01 2a 81 78 8a c0 1f 05 82 8a 7a 78 85 7f 8f 8f 51 02 89 a1 8c 18 8c 58 83
10 3c 8a 15 8c a1 87 8c a1 13 74 2d 8f 8f 52 4c 1c ac 4f 8a 8a 51 11 78 f8 8c c7 8f 8d 8d 7c 71 a8 51 8c 78 f3 cd 8c 78 7c 7d 11 14 11 d4
18 a5 a1 41 0f 24 78 f5 0a 48 5c 8f 7a f3 7f 45 1f a1 85 89 11 7a 5a 79 f8 8d 4f 1f 8f 8f 4f 81 8f 7f 1c 8f 8f 81 75 7c 8c 8d 2d 8d c9 a1 0a 8d
a5 4a f3 8c 35 78 8d 8d 49 41 15 f3 89 43 1f ff f1 78 f3 78 81 76 8f 8f 71 45 7c 88 85 c3 48 4f 78 48 fc 86 4d 8f c6 ad c7 f0 85 c8 86 87 7a
6f 8c 44 64 18 8f 81 49 ad 4c 58 8d 88 f4 c8 cf 46 c0 1c 7c 49 8f 81 d5 1f 84 f1 30 28 7c 71 54 c8 f3 7d 94 a7 4c 88 58 88 2f 99 a3 c9 8f aa 55
28 8f 8f 51 7c 35 48 25 48 84 4f 88 8c 83 26 88 ff f8 41 8c 73 47 f8 f8 28 28 c7 a4 f3 19 f5 f1 2a a4 84 ac 7c 1a 16 fa c8 d8 8f 6d 76 2d f3 83
f8 05 17 55 88 8c 88 85 81 88 c1 53 aa 88 c1 28 45 8f a5 78 48 cf cf f4 77 ab 85 85 84 25 21 25 8f 23 a7 88 85 fc 43 a5 63 a2 a1 7c 8f 8f 8f
1f 51 03 15 51 f5 f1 48 a1 38 aa f7 2a 28 21 65 32 59 43 80 80 1f 53 5c 78 c8 15 34 55 22 5f 8d 58 ff c8 8d 88 8d 3a 88 8d 8c 84 a7 8c 8f 66 83
10 15 86 84 00 14 2a 8a c9 3f c1 11 f1 f9 73 2a ff 74 85 c0 8f a1 7c 81 8d 8d 8d 6d 02 a5 c8 8f d3 8f 47 47 01 87 11 8d 84 6a 62 f8 2d 78 8f 8d
4c 95 a5 ad 58 8d ad 85 84 f5 84 85 c3 f6 ff 3d 2a 25 5a 8c 88 25 05 a1 17 33 1a c2 88 85 f8 f8 84 8d 11 84 c5 c2 8a fd 8f 8f 83 f0 32 18 05 88
8f 8f 8d 24 15 64 58 8d 85 9f 20 8d 88 e7 58 8d 57 9a 13 84 28 81 19 4d 56 a2 47 14 c8 4d 88 fa 19 8f 79 f9 46 a2 86 c5 8f 8d 58 c8 d7 8f 8d 3d
f8 2f 18 49 58 8d af ad 8d 1f 78 8d 71 87 56 a1 5f f1 28 45 88 8d 42 81 38 c0 3f 6c 8a 2d 88 8e 8a d7 49 84 5c 9a 2f ae 81 66 09 89 01 8a 83 89
42 62 9c 88 4f 88 88 33 c8 4d 87 58

```

Data to SHA1 to match verification

First round

of Qakbot decode and verification

Campaign information is located inside the smaller resource where, after this decoding and verification process, data is clear text.

```

10=BB16
3=1677046917

```

The larger resource stores Command and Control configuration. This is typically stored in netaddress format with varying separators. A common technique for finding the correct method is searching for common ports and separator patterns in the decoded data.

01 bb 443 next previous all  match case  regex  by word

Replace replace replace all

IP Port Seperator

01	2f	15	33	8a	01	bb	01	01	48	50	07	06	c3	53	01	01	52	7f	cc	52	08	ae	01	01	31	af	48	38	01	bb	01	01	c9	f4	6c	b7	03	e3	01	01	7a	b8	8f	52	01	bb	01
01	66	9c	fd	56	01	bb	00	01	4a	3a	47	ed	01	bb	00	01	2f	15	33	8a	03	e3	01	01	4d	56	62	ec	01	bb	01	01	47	1f	65	b7	01	bb	01	01	88	e8	b8	86	03	e3	01
01	56	e1	d6	8a	08	ae	01	01	5f	f2	65	fb	03	e3	00	01	6d	0b	af	2a	08	ae	01	01	5a	4e	8a	d9	08	ae	01	01	b8	b0	23	df	08	ae	01	01	23	8f	61	91	03	e3	01
01	ca	ba	b1	58	01	bb	01	01	72	4f	b4	0e	03	e3	01	01	56	96	2f	db	01	bb	00	01	b7	57	a3	a5	01	bb	01	01	32	44	ba	c3	01	bb	01	01	be	4b	5f	a4	08	ae	00
01	62	91	17	43	01	bb	01	01	43	0a	af	2f	08	ae	01	01	47	d4	93	e0	08	ae	00	01	58	7e	5e	04	c3	50	01	01	67	8c	ae	13	08	ae	00	01	67	e7	d8	ee	01	bb	01
01	4e	54	7b	ed	03	e3	00	01	b4	97	6c	0e	01	bb	01	01	50	2f	39	83	08	ae	00	01	c6	02	33	f2	03	e1	01	01	32	44	cc	47	03	e3	01	01	cd	a4	e3	de	01	bb	01
01	93	db	04	c2	01	bb	01	01	4d	7c	06	95	01	bb	01	01	31	f5	52	b2	08	ae	01	01	2e	0a	c6	6b	01	bb	00	01	4c	50	b4	9a	03	e3	01	01	0c	ac	ad	52	7d	65	01
01	44	96	12	a1	01	bb	01	01	44	ad	aa	6e	20	fb	00	01	18	09	dc	a7	01	bb	01	01	0c	ac	ad	52	08	27	01	01	32	44	cc	47	03	e1	01	01	6b	92	0c	1a	08	ae	01
01	51	e5	75	5f	08	ae	01	01	1b	00	30	e9	01	bb	01	01	45	85	a2	23	01	bb	01	01	3b	1c	54	41	01	bb	01	01	4c	aa	fc	99	03	e3	01	01	59	20	9f	c0	03	e3	01
01	ca	8e	62	3e	03	e3	01	01	49	4e	d7	68	01	bb	01	01	b5	a4	d9	d3	01	bb	01	01	5c	61	cb	33	08	ae	00	01	74	4a	a4	1a	01	bb	00	01	67	8d	32	66	03	e3	01
01	95	4a	9f	43	08	ae	01	01	74	48	fa	12	01	bb	01	01	7d	63	45	b2	01	bb	01	01	ca	8e	62	3e	01	bb	01	01	43	3d	47	c9	01	bb	01	01	67	7b	df	a8	01	bb	00
01	50	0d	cd	45	08	ae	00	01	50	00	4a	a5	01	bb	01	01	56	63	36	27	08	ae	00	01	d5	43	ff	39	08	ae	01	01	b0	8e	cf	3f	01	bb	01	01	32	43	11	5c	01	bb	01
01	d9	a5	01	35	08	ae	01	01	46	40	4d	73	01	bb	01	01	02	32	2f	4a	01	bb	01	01	42	bf	45	12	03	e3	01	01	4b	8f	ec	95	01	bb	01	01	c5	5c	88	7a	01	bb	01
01	6c	be	cb	2a	03	e3	01	01	32	44	cc	47	01	bb	01	01	0c	ac	ad	52	03	e3	01	01	46	4d	74	e9	01	bb	01	01	a2	f8	0e	6b	01	bb	01	01	4b	62	9a	13	01	bb	01
01	3a	f7	73	7e	03	e3	01	01	b8	44	74	92	ef	12	01	01	29	63	32	4c	01	bb	00	01	b8	44	74	92	0d	3d	01	01	48	cb	d8	62	08	ae	01	01	67	fc	07	e7	01	bb	01
01	0c	ac	ad	52	c3	51	01	01	46	a0	50	d2	01	bb	01	01	0c	ac	ad	52	01	d1	01	01	0c	ac	ad	52	00	15	01	01	2f	22	1e	85	01	bb	01	01	ca	bb	e8	a1	03	e3	01
01	62	93	9b	eb	01	bb	01	01	7c	7a	38	90	01	bb	01	01	4b	8d	e3	a9	01	bb	01	01	67	90	c9	35	08	1e	01	01	ac	f8	2a	7a	01	bb	01	01	0c	ac	ad	52	03	de	01
01	18	ef	45	f4	01	bb	01	01	ad	12	7e	03	01	bb	01	01	49	a5	77	14	01	bb	01	01	0c	ac	ad	52	03	e3	01	01	5a	68	16	1c	08	ae	01	01	0e	c0	f1	4c	03	e3	00
01	4a	21	c4	72	01	bb	01	01	4a	5d	94	61	03	e3	01	01	56	ca	30	8e	08	ae	01	01	ae	68	b8	95	01	bb	01	01	0c	ac	ad	52	00	14	01	01	6d	97	90	25	01	bb	00
01	68	23	18	9a	01	bb	01	01	72	8f	b0	ea	01	bb	01	01	54	23	1a	0e	03	e3	01	01	2d	32	e9	d6	01	bb	01	01	40	ed	b9	3c	01	bb	01	01	49	a1	b0	da	01	bb	01

Easy to spot C2 patterns: port 443

## Encoded strings

Qakbot stores blobs of xor encoded strings inside the .data section of its payload binary. The current methodology is to extract blobs of key and data from the referenced key offset which similarly is reused across samples.

Current samples start at offset 0x50, with an xor key, followed by a separator of 0x0000 before encoded data. In recent samples, we have observed more than one string blob and these have occurred in the same format after the separator.



```

0 : "netstat -nao"
1 : "Component_07"
2 : "cmd.exe /c set"
3 : "Component_08"
4 : "%s \"%s = \\\"%s\\\\; & %s\"""
5 : "net share"
6 : "c:\ProgramData"
7 : "SELF_TEST_1"
8 : "Microsoft"
9 : "schtasks.exe /Create /RU "NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM" /SC ONSTART /TH %u /TR "%s" /NP /F"
10 : "Self test FAILED!!!"
11 : "net localgroup"
12 : "Self check"
13 : "whoami /all"
14 : "ipconfig /all"
15 : "ERROR: GetModuleFileNameW() failed with error: ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_BUFFER"
16 : "runas"
17 : "powershell.exe -encodedCommand %S"
18 : "ProfileImagePath"
19 : "microsoft.com,google.com,cisco.com,oracle.com,verisign.com,broadcom.com,yahoo.com,xfinity.com,irs.gov,linkedin.com"
20 : "ERROR: GetModuleFileNameW() failed with error: %u"
21 : "SoNuce]ugdIB3c[doMuce2s81*uXncvP"
22 : "\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe"
23 : "SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\ProfileList"
24 : "anstrean.dll"
25 : "bUdiuy81gYguty@4FrdRdpFko{eKnudeuMncueaN"
26 : "%s\system32\schtasks.exe" /Create /ST %02u:%02u /RU "NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM" /SC ONCE /tr "%s" /Z /ET %02u:%02u /tn %s"

```

Decoded strings: RC4 key highlighted

## Payload

Qakbot samples are typically packed and need execution or manual unpacking to retrieve the payload for analysis. It's very difficult to obtain this payload remotely at scale, in practice the easiest way is to execute the sample in a VM or sandbox that enables extracting the payload with correct PE offsets.

When executing locally Qakbot typically injects its payload into a Windows process, and can be detected with yara targeting the process for an unbacked section with `PAGE\_EXECUTE\_READWRITE` protections.

Below, we have an example of running PE-Sieve / Hollows Hunter tool from Hasherezade. This helpful tool enables detection of several types of process injection, and the dumping of injected sections with appropriately aligned headers. In this case, the injected process is `wormgr.exe` but it's worth to note, depending on variant and process footprint, your injected process may vary.

```
C:\Users\REM\Desktop>pe-sieve64.exe /pid 39092
PID: 39092
Output filter: no filter: dump everything (default)
Dump mode: autodetect (default)
[*] Using raw process!
[*] Scanning: C:\Windows\SysWOW64\wermgr.exe
Scanning workingset: 345 memory regions.
[*] Workingset scanned in 156 ms
[+] Report dumped to: process_39092
[*] Dumped module to: C:\Users\REM\Desktop\process_39092\a60000.wermgr.exe as UNMAPPED
[*] Dumped module to: C:\Users\REM\Desktop\process_39092\120000.dll as REALIGNED
[+] Dumped modified to: process_39092
[+] Report dumped to: process_39092
---
PID: 39092
---
SUMMARY:
Total scanned:      57
Skipped:            0
-
Hooked:             1
Replaced:           0
Hdrs Modified:     0
IAT Hooks:          0
Implanted:          1
Implanted PE:       1
Implanted shc:      0
Unreachable files: 0
Other:              0
-
Total suspicious:  2
---
```

Dumping Qakbot payload using pe-sieve

## Automation at scale

---

Now I have explained the decode process, time to enable both detection and decode automation in Velociraptor.

I have recently released [Windows.Carving.Qakbot](#) which leverages a PE dump capability in Velociraptor 0.6.8 to enable live memory analysis. The goal of the artifact was to automate my decoding workflow for a generic Qakbot parser and save time for a common analysis. I also wanted an easy to update parser to add additional keys or decode nuances when changes are discovered.

<b>TargetGlob</b>	Glob to target payloads on disk															
<b>PidRegex</b>	.															
<b>ProcessRegex</b>	? for suggestions															
<b>StringOffset</b>	0x50															
<b>ResourceRegex</b>	BITMAP RCDATA															
<b>Keys</b>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>+</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Key</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>+ </td> <td>double</td> <td>Muhcu#YgcdXubYBu2@2ub4fbUhuiNhyVtcd</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ </td> <td>double</td> <td>bUdiuy81gYguty@4frdRdpfko(eKmudeuMncueaN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ </td> <td>single</td> <td>\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ </td> <td>single</td> <td>\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	+	Type	Key	+	double	Muhcu#YgcdXubYBu2@2ub4fbUhuiNhyVtcd	+	double	bUdiuy81gYguty@4frdRdpfko(eKmudeuMncueaN	+	single	\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe	+	single	\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe
+	Type	Key														
+	double	Muhcu#YgcdXubYBu2@2ub4fbUhuiNhyVtcd														
+	double	bUdiuy81gYguty@4frdRdpfko(eKmudeuMncueaN														
+	single	\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe														
+	single	\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe														

#### Windows.Carving.Qakbot: parameters

This artifact uses Yara to detect an injected Qakbot payload, then attempts to parse the payload configuration and strings. Some of the features in the artifact cover changes observed in the past in the decryption process to allow a simplified extraction workflow:

- Automatic PE extraction and offset alignment for memory detections.
- StringOffset: the offset of the string xor key and encoded strings is reused regularly.
- PE resource type: the RC4 encoded configuration is typically inside 2 resources, I've observed BITMAP and RCDATA
- Unescaped key string: this field is typically reused over samples.
- Type of encoding: single or double, double being the more recent.
- Hidden TargetBytes parameter to enable piping payload in for analysis.
- Worker threads: for bulk analysis / research use cases.



ProcessInfo	DecodedStrings	Campaign	C2
<pre> {   "ProcessCreateTime":     "2023-04-01T13:16:40.8681975Z"   "Pid": 5588   "ProcessName": "vermgr.exe"   "Exe":     "C:\Windows\SysWOW64\vermgr.exe"   "CommandLine":     "C:\WINDOWS\SysWOW64\vermgr.exe"   "Username": "DESKTOP-2C3IQH0\REM"   "Offset": 15925248   "PayloadSize": 147456 } </pre>	<pre> [   0: "powershell.exe -encodedCommand %S"   1: "ipconfig /all"   2: "Start screenshot"   3: ".lnk"   4:   5: "%s %04x.%u %04x.%u res: %s seh_test: %u consts_test: %d vmdetected: %d createprocess: %d"   6: "\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe"   7: "net localgroup"   8: "Self check"   9:   10: "schtasks.exe /Create /RU \"NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM\" /SC ONSTART /TN %u /TR \"%s\" /NP /F"   11: "route print"   12: "amstream.dll"   13: "Self check ok!"   14: "net share"   15: "Self test FAILED!!!" ] </pre>	<pre> {   "Timestamp":     "2023-03-31T13:22:03Z"   "Name": "obama247" } </pre>	<pre> [   0: "45.50.233.214:443"   1: "91.160.70.68:32100"   2: "47.21.51.138:443"   3: "72.200.189.104:443"   4: "49.245.95.124:2222"   5: "12.172.173.82:32101"   6: "58.68.204.71:443"   7: "92.136.51.189:2222"   8: "" ] </pre>

Windows.Carving.Qakbot: live decode

## Research

The Qakbot parser can also be leveraged for research and run bulk analysis. One caveat is the content requires payload files that have been dumped with offsets intact. This typically requires some post collection filtering or PE offset realignment but enables Velociraptor notebook to manipulate post processed data.

Some techniques I have used to bulk collect samples:

- Sandbox with PE dumping features: api based collection
- Virustotal search: *crowdsourced\_yara\_rule:0083a00b09|win\_qakbot\_auto AND tag:pedll AND NOT tag:corrupt* (not this will collect some broken payloads)

FirstCampaignTime	LastCampaignTime	IP	CampaignNames	Ports	Total
2022-11-28T09:42:44Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	12.172.173.82	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	482
2022-11-28T09:42:44Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	50.68.204.71	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	161
2023-02-01T08:41:31Z	2023-02-09T09:10:35Z	24.64.112.40	▼ [ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 : "BB12"</li> <li>1 : "BB14"</li> <li>2 : "obama235"</li> <li>3 : "obama236"</li> <li>4 : "obama239"</li> </ul> ]	▶ [ ... ]	80
2023-01-31T10:31:56Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	202.142.98.62	▶ [ ... ]	▼ [ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 : "443"</li> <li>1 : "995"</li> </ul> ]	77
2023-01-31T10:31:56Z	2023-03-09T07:14:51Z	47.21.51.138	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	68
2022-11-28T09:42:44Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	174.104.184.149	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	59
2022-11-28T09:42:44Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	81.229.117.95	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	58
2022-11-28T09:42:44Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	75.143.236.149	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	58
2022-11-28T09:42:44Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	90.104.22.28	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	55
2022-12-13T07:59:10Z	2023-03-15T14:19:18Z	72.80.7.6	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	55
2022-11-30T07:40:48Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	47.34.30.133	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	54
2022-11-28T09:42:44Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	98.145.23.67	▶ [ ... ]	▶ [ ... ]	54

Bulk collection: IPs seen across multiple campaign names and ports

Some findings from a small data set ~60 samples:

- Named campaigns are typically short and not longer than a few samples over a few days.
- IP addresses are regularly reused and shared across campaigns
- Most prevalent campaigns are “BB” and “obama” prefixed
- Minor campaigns observed: “azd”, “tok” and “rds” with only one or two observed payload samples each.

Strings analysis can also provide insights to sample behavior over time to assist analysis. A great example is the adding to process name list for anti-analysis checks.

EarliestCampaignTime	LatestCampaignTime	String
2022-11-28T09:42:44Z	2023-02-22T06:21:57Z	frida-winjector-helper-32.exe;frida-winjector-helper-64.exe;tcpdump.exe;windump.exe;ethereal.exe;wireshark.exe;ettercap.exe;rtsniff.exe;packetcapture.exe;capturenet.exe;qak_proxy;dumpcap.exe;CFF Explorer.exe;not_rundll132.exe;ProcessHacker.exe;tcpview.exe;filemon.exe;procmmon.exe;idaq64.exe;loaddll132.exe;PETool.exe;ImportREC.exe;LordPE.exe;SysInspector.exe;proc_analyzer.exe;sysAnalyzer.exe;sniff_hit.exe;joeboxcontrol.exe;joeboxserver.exe;ResourceHacker.exe;x64dbg.exe;Fiddler.exe;sniff_hit.exe;sysAnalyzer.exe
2023-02-27T09:37:23Z	2023-03-23T07:33:58Z	frida-winjector-helper-32.exe;frida-winjector-helper-64.exe;tcpdump.exe;windump.exe;ethereal.exe;wireshark.exe;ettercap.exe;rtsniff.exe;packetcapture.exe;capturenet.exe;qak_proxy;dumpcap.exe;CFF Explorer.exe;not_rundll132.exe;ProcessHacker.exe;tcpview.exe;filemon.exe;procmmon.exe;idaq64.exe;loaddll132.exe;PETool.exe;ImportREC.exe;LordPE.exe;SysInspector.exe;proc_analyzer.exe;sysAnalyzer.exe;sniff_hit.exe;joeboxcontrol.exe;joeboxserver.exe;ResourceHacker.exe;x64dbg.exe;Fiddler.exe;sniff_hit.exe;sysAnalyzer.exe;BehaviorDumper.exe;procssdumperx64.exe;anti-virus.EXE;sysinfoX64.exe;sctoolswrapper.exe;sysinfoX64.exe;FakeExplorer.exe;apimonitor-x86.exe;idaq.exe

Bulk collection: Strings highlighting anti-analysis check additions over time

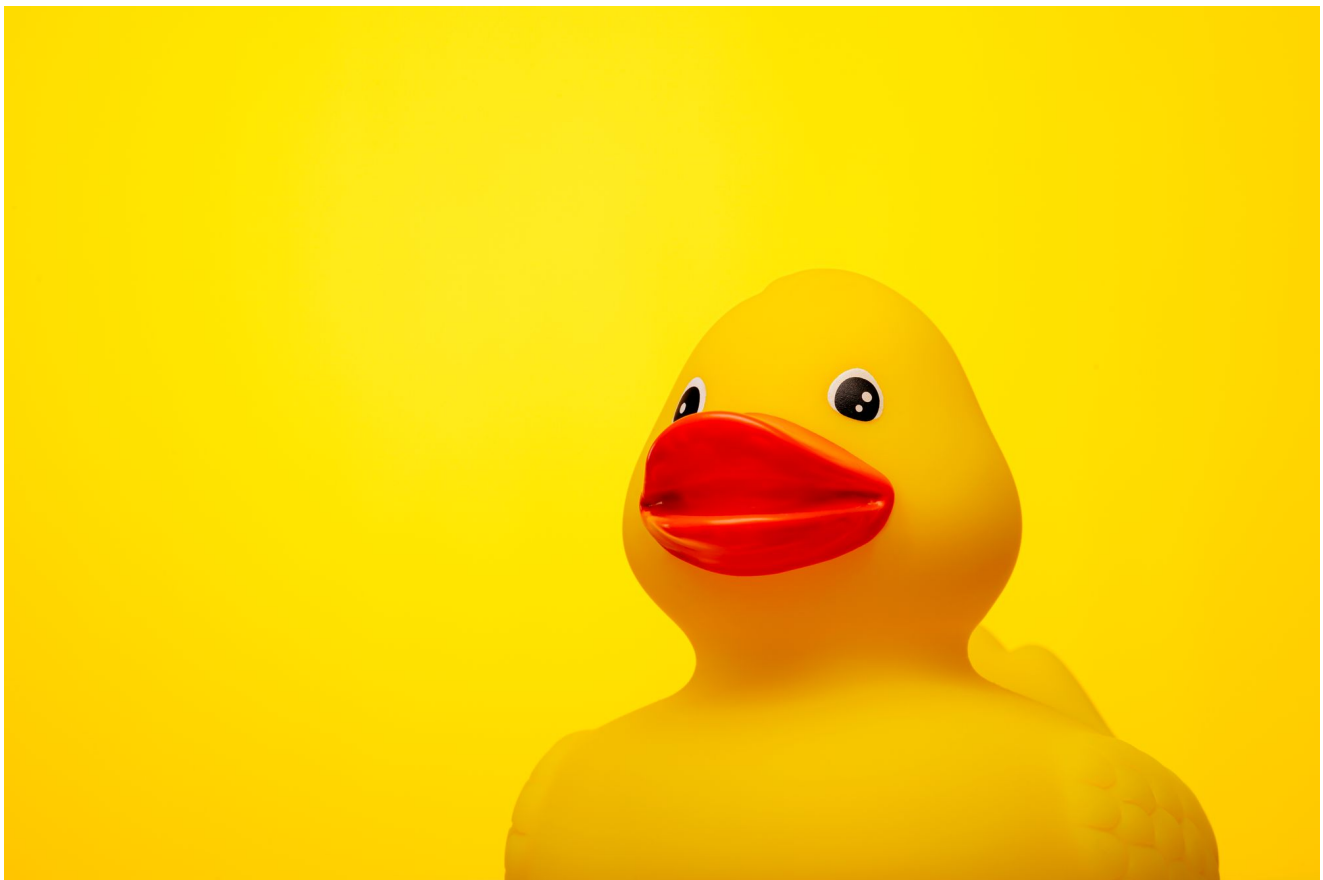
## Conclusion

PE dumping, which is not available in expensive paid tools, is a useful capability and enables advanced capability at enterprise scale. For widespread threats like Qakbot, this kind of content can significantly improve response for blue teams, or even provide insights into threats when analyzed in bulk. In the coming months, we will be publishing a series of similar blog posts, offering a sneak peek at some of the types of memory analysis enabled by Velociraptor and incorporated into our training courses.

I also would like to thank Jakob Denlinger and James Dunne for their assistance in writing this post.

## References

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3. [@hasherezade. Hollows Hunter, \[https://github.com/hasherezade/hollows\\\_hunter\]\(https://github.com/hasherezade/hollows\_hunter\)](#)



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